BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WAR IN CUBA.

THE CUBANS FALL BACK IN GOOD ORDER-EIGHTY-FIVE CUBANS COME TO GRIEF-A DE-CISIVO BATTLE EXPECTED—JORDAN IS A HARD

Washington, June 2 .- The Cubans here have received advices that the Spaniards, after their repulse in Cinco Villas District, were reinforced by two thousand troops; making their force double that of the Cubans, who were compelled to retreat. Eighty-five Cubans, including several Americans, were captured and shot by Lesca. Nearly all the large plantations in Cinco Villas District have been destroyed. It is stated that the Cubans were concentrating to fight Lesca, and the news of a decisive battle is expected daily. The Cubans are very uneasy at not hearing from Jordan.

THE SPANISH TROOPS DYING LIKE SHEEP-ONE HUNDRED REGULARS BAGGED BY THE CUBANS-QUESADA STROLLING BOUND -AN AMERICAN FILIBUSTER SHOT.

NEW YORK. July 2 .- Puerto Principe advices of the 22d June represent the condition of the Spanish troops to be dreadful. The hospitals are full, and there are ten deaths daily. A foraging party, one hundred and fifty strong, was driven back to the city, and forty of the men went to the hospital. The Cubans have captured one hundred regulars at the first station from Principe. One regiment of volunteers has two hundred on the sick list.

Quesada is in the vicinity, and the Spaniards attribute his successes to the arrival of filibusters. They say that 40,000 more troops are necessary. The Spanish garrison is disheartened and spiritless,

An American named Speakman, belonging to the "Grapeshot" flibusters, has been shot at Santiago. The Americans asked for delay, but

New York, July 2.-The Cuban prisoners have been transferred to the Catharine Whiting. It is expected that they will be released this evening. The majority of them are Cubans. Senor Alfred and Baosora have been lodged in the Ludlow-street jail. It is thought that Colonel Ryan and his men have been made prisoners, as a revenue cutter has been sent to Gardner's Island with a fully armed crew and Marshai's possee. Report says that they quarrelled among themselves, during which three were killed and several wounded. The President of Peru, in answering the reso-

lutions of a mass meeting requesting that monitors be sent to aid the Cubans, replied that he would do what tended most to the

Washington, July 2 .- Two hundred more members of the Cuban expedition have been eaptured. Nothing has been heard of Colonel Ryan. The New York Herald says that at last he finale of the great filibustering expedition has been reached, and its failure is as abso-Inte as its results are disastrous.

HAVANA, July 2.—The Catalon Volunteers, guarding a railroad, have mutinied. Their colonel was arrested by Latona, commanding at Puerto Principe. The volunteers marched on the place and rescued their officer, and imprisoned Latons, whom they will probably

De Rodas, in a public speech to-day, advised the journalists to show more moderation, and to endeavor to conciliate all classes, and to cease publishing irritating articles, especially regarding the ladies.

EUROPE.

THE CUBAN POLITICAL PRISONERS. London, July 2.-Advices from the coast of Africa report the arrival at Fernando Po of two hundred and fifty political prisoners from

BREST, July 2.- No communication has been received from the Great Eastern since Wed-

THE FPANISH CORTES.

Madrid, July 2.—The Cortes have passed the revenue budget, and authorized the government to expend such sums as may be neces

are postponed until the budget of expenditures, now before the Cortes, is adopted. THE FRENCH CHAMBERS. Paris, July 2.—The Third Party in the Corps

The contemplated changes in the ministry

Legislatif propose measures granting the people a more intimate association with the direction of affairs. THE IRISH OHUBOH BILL.

LONDON, July 2 .- The Irish Church bill is progressing in the House of Lords. The ministers promise to insert a clause allowing the Irish Bishops to retain their seats in the House

DISCUSSION IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, June 30 .- In the House of Commons last night, Mr. Moore called attention to the treatment of Fenian prisoners, and moved resolutions that the government institute public inquiry into the subjects of penal discipline nd reclassification of prisoners; to inquire how far political prisoners should be regarded as a separate class, and to consider how far severity of punishment may be regarded as reasonable ground for the favorab e consideration of their cases.

Mr. Moore said he believed the majority of the Irish people sympathized with the Fenians, though unwilling to subvert the existing government, and content to bear their present ills rather than fly to others they know not of. But no class was contented with the present state of affirs. He strongly condemned the harsh treatment of Fenians, both before and after trial and urged public inquiry.

Mr. Bruce, Home Scoretary, was not prepared to detend the treatment of Fenians, but said that in general the law was insufficient to deal with political prisoners. The statements of cruelty were, however, exaggerated. At present their treatment was extremely knient. They were separated from the other prisoners, and were not compe led to do anything degrading, or submit to bumiliation. Mr. Suilvan defended the conduct of the

present government respecting Fenianism.

BISMARCE RETIRES TO RECEUTY. BERLIN. June 80.—Count Bismarck has gone to his estates in Varzin, where he will remain until October to recruit his health. He has been temporarily relieved from duties of President of the Council, but will continue to transact the business of the Federal Chancellor-

A GREAT BATTLE BETWEEN THE IMPERIALISTS AND BEBELS.

Hone Kore June 9, via London. June 80 .-A great and decisive battle has been foughtbetween the Imperiancts and Mohammedan rebels. The latier were defeated with a loss of twenty thousand. The Chinese have offered further insults to foreigners.

PROM VIRGINIA

Regimente. Ju. v 2.—At a harbeeus given by she Conservative colored men on an island opposite the city to-day, there were about three

hundred colored people and a large number of | sound, the two hundred brad awls for fastoning whites. The colored people crowded on the bridge leading to the island, and it gave way, precipitating a large number into the water. Colonel J. R. Branch, prominent broker here. and a Conservative, was instantly killed, as were policeman Kinckham and Robert Ashley. Seven colored men were fatally wounded. Colonel Branch's body was tollowed to his home by the citizens, and Kinckham's by the police force in a body. There is a general gloom in consequence of the calamity.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 2 .- The French corvette Civirux arrived here to-day from Martinique with eighteen cases of fever on board. Five have died. Among them the captain, first officer and surgeon. The assistant surgeon is dying.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE LOPEZ ARMY-DEPARTURE OF EX-PRESI-DENT JOHNSON FOR TENNESSEE-PERUVIAN Washington, July 2.—President Grant, in an

GEORGIA AFFAIRS—PROBABLE SURRENDER OF

nterview yesterday with Clift, Edwards and other Georgians, said that having made appointments for the Macon and Augusta Postoffices, he was not disposed to change them until the incumbents proved incompetent. He gave no indication that he was considering the political status of Georgia.

The Brazilian Minister has received disspatches announcing that Lopez has proposed, through Minister McMahon, to surrender his army on guarantee of personal safety. Ex-President Johnson left for Tennesse to

Senter, the Democratic Candidate for Gover-Boutwell has decided that goods seized, which cannot be held for expenses of seizure and for the tax, must be stored subject for fu-

day. He will canvass the State in support of

THE GETTYSBURG CELEBRATION.

ture action of Congress.

MRADE IS ANXIOUS TO BURY THE CONFEDERATE DEAD-MORTON PATS CUBA ON THE BACK AND DROPS A TARDY TEAR OVER THE HEROES OF THE

GETTYSBURG, July 2.—General Meade in a speech urged the decent burial of the Confederates. Senator Morton, the orator of the day, in speaking of Cuba, said: "She is making a bold, vigorous and, as we trust, a successful effort to throw off the Spanish yoke and establish her independence." He also said: "In the fields before us are the graves of the rebel dead, now sunk to the level of the plain, unmarked, unhonored and unknown. They were our countrymen; of our blood, language and history. They displayed a courage worthy of a better cause, and we may drop a tear to their memory. The news of this fatal field carried agony to thousands of Southern homes, and the wail of despair was heard in the everglades and orange groves of the

to Captain Jourdon, of the Sixth precinct. The torced open, and was found to con-

The officers of the Ocean Bank are still busily engaged in making up the lists of the losses of depositors by the great burglary of Sunday, The full amount of the loss of depositors cannot be ascertained for a day or two, but it is thought to be not less than half a million dollars. The officers of the bank and Superintendent Kennedy had a long interview this morning, and although held with closed doors, it is understood that a plan was arranged by t is understood that a plan was arranged by which the most skilful detectives in the force which the most skilful detectives in the force will be immediately set to work to discover the criminals, and, if possible, to recover the stolen property. It has been a certained to day that the loss of the bank is a trifle less than twenty-five thousand dollars in current funds, in addition to twenty-two thousand dollars in negotiable bonds, upon which the bank had made loans. Superintendent Kennedy advised the bank officials to use every effort, to recover the stolen property. every effort to recover the stolen property. While the police would do all they would to find the thiever; he advised the officers of the bank to offer large rewards, the better to intercept the stolen bonds if off red for sale, and also to mploy the private detective agencies to assist in the search, if the bank officers saw fit to

The business of the bank is conducted as usual to-day. The excitement is almost entirely subsided.

The New York Times says:

The New York Times says:

Ex-Captain John S. Young is understood to be engaged in the case, as several of the depositors of the bank have given him authority to endeavor to secure the return of their property. As the matter now stands, the detectives, whether metropolitan or independent, are completely at sea, and it will require several days' hard work refore they can gain a clue to the thieves who so successfully and and coolly robbed the Ocean Bank.

The headquarter detectives, besides a large number of the ward "shadows," made pilgrinages to the plundered bank yesterday, where they were shown the wrecked vauits and safes by the officials, with a faint hope that the sight

by the officials, with a faint hope that the sight might be of service to the officers. As each delective examined the rified safes he made a sage guess or two at the personal of the perpetiators of the burglary, and it was rather amusing to observe the wide range these surmises took, as scarcely any well-known professional "cracksman" escaped being credited with the robberv.

THE ABT OF BANK BOBBERY.

In connection with this roboery, the New York Journal of Commerce has an interesting article on the remuneration and business aspost of bank robbery The Journal says it is more than a business-it is a fine art, requiring time, labor and capital, and witcesses the costly character of the tools (worth \$1000) left behind by the Ocean Bank burglars wher the consummation of their recent feat. The Jour-

we have before us accurate pan and ink sketches and verbal descriptions of the principal tools used and abandoned at the bank. They are of all sinds, heavy, light, coarse, ine, about tour bundred pie es in all, designs, ed and fitted for every professional exigency with the nice discrimination of a dentist's set of instruments, to which the one hundred and fifty sixes of druls bear a slight general resemblance. Most of the articles were specially made for the business, it would seem, by skilled made for the business, it would seem, by skilled made another evidence of the recognized status of burglary as a means of hysishood. The "jimmer for prying open doors were of the facest steel, beautifully finished, each of two pieces, which screwed together. There were five steel bars, one and a half inches thick, and four feet eight inches long, chiseledged at each end, and unscrewing in the middle. All the implements, including the powerful jack-secw, were construeed to be taken apart in small pieces and packet into a coole space or carried

about in pockets.

Nothing c.ui. be more nicely contrived than the can with a flexible tube, for filling safe locks with fine powder. The medges of soft composition metal which gave out no ringing

THE COOLIE TRADE.

sound, the two hundred brad awls for fastening muslin against the windows, the gum overshoes in which the robbers could move about noiselessly, the thoughtful provision of strong cords and of handcuffs to gag and fetter anybody who should intrude on them unawares—these contrivances, like all of the other details of the dead, are truly artful and scientific. Nothing was omitted necessary to the object sought—and that is the very essence of art, as contrasted with bungling empiricism. But the master stroke of the whole was the opening of the crack combination lock on the outer Chinese immigration :

ing of the crack combination lock on the outer door. There are several theories proposed to secount for this; but they are all based on the supposition that by collusion or in some other way the burglars obtained the number of the combination to which the door was locked on Saturday picts.

Saturday night.

But what if they have hit upon some device to ascertain the combination by manipulating the lock itself, making it tell its own secret, and then open the door as easily as the man who locked it! This is a flight of art which the combination lockmakers have believed to be beyond the reach of mortals. But the detectives say that there are some burglars—the highest graduates in the school—who can perform this feat, hitherto supposed to be practically impossible. They may not be able to open all combination locks; but may not some be as easy of unridding as a child's puzzle? The third door, we observe, was fastened with another pattern of the combination lock, and it may be that that defied their skill, and hence the door had to be forced with the jack-screw. Amid all the mystery of this affair one thing seems to be tolerably clear, and that is that the burglars are tully up to the tricks of the lock and sufe-makers, and that when they have once got inside of a bank they will bore, break or manipulate their way to its most accret treasures.

UNDERGROUND JERUSALEM.

An Interesting Exhibition in London.

An interesting exhibition is about to open in the Dudley Gallery of the Egyptian Hall in London. The numerous collections of the Palestine Exploration in and about Jerusalem. with various antique relics from other parts of the Holy Land, brought home by Mr. Mc-Gregor, the gentleman who made the recent remarkable voyage in the canoe Rob Boy upon the waters of Syria and Palestine, have been arranged for general inspection, with a series of nearly three hundred and fifty photographic views, taken in all parts of the country. The London Telegraph says:

Lieutenant Warren, as is well known, has Lieutenant Warren, as is well known, has been industriously uncovering the very roots of the ancient city in the service of the Palestine Exploration Society. His subterranean labors have revealed what may be called stratified Jewish history. He has gone down mnety feet in one spor; and, at the corner of the Haram especially at the depth of eighty feet, he has disclosed the foundation-stones of the old temple, stinding upon the living rock, besides chambers, walls, aqueducts, cisterns and arches. Which begin, after incredible toil, to range themselves into an intelligible plan revealing to us the real Jerusalem of the past. Those excavations have carried back research. Those excavations have carried back research, indeed, to the days preceding Solomou; for in one spot a watercourse of masonry has been ound passing under the temple and there are relics in this exhibition which come from that very place. The bottom of the Birket Israil, or Pool of Bethesda, also contributes to the collection, as well as the wall of Ophel and the Tyropœum Valley; sthe everglades and oracge groves of the South.'

A PUZZLE FOR THE DETECTIVES.

More About the Ocean Bank Robbery—
The Amount of the Loss—Mysterious Return of part of the Stolen Bonds—
Burglary as a Fine Art.

The clever and mysterious robbery of the Ocean Bank, in New York, on Eunday last, continues to excite public attention. Early on Wednesday morning, a policeman in Elizibeth-street found a trunk on the sidewalk directed to Captain Jourdon, of the Sixth precinct. The

cover was forced open, and was found to contain bonds and certificates stolen from the Ocean National Bank, to the amount of upwards of \$600,000. The New York Post, of Tuesday, says:

The officers of the Ocean Bank are still busily engaged in making up the lists of the losses of depositors by the great burglary of Sunday, The full amount of the loss of depositors cannot be ascertained for a day or two, but it is ers of Josephus will recollect how watchmen upon the walls of Jerusalem used to look out for those stone shots, and cry, "The white bolt cometh." Here they are just as the balistaria discharged them; and, although nothing when compared with the Armstrong shell, they must have here are wall and though the compared with the Armstrong shell, they must

have been awkward things to encounter.

A fragment of mortar and concrete from the bottom of the Pool of Bethesda shows that the water was artificially contained in that receptacle, if, indeed the Birket Israil be the same. A specimen of the pottery from the Cave of Adulam takes us away from Jerusalem, and suggests thoughts at once modern and political; yet, in truth, Saul may himself have used the broken pipkin.

the broken pipkin.

Lieutenant Wirren and his party send us from the vaults below the area of the Great Mosque some fragments of pitchers and cups which are thought to be true Phenician. They are singularly like the ceramic ware of the Kabyles in Algeria as regards color and ornamentation, but the reds and yellows upon them are the natural earth-dives of all potters, and the lozenge patterns those also which are the easiest to make. None of the articles are perfect enough to allow of a judgment from their shape, which is a surer guide than color or shape, which is a surer guide than color or pattern in ancient earthenware. Along with

pattern in ancient earthenware. Along with these however, are some very pretty and neatly finished lecythis of an unique form which, although very simple, are perfectly true in design and are rendered positively elegant by their correct shape.

There is an especially striking round-bellied vessel from "Robinson's Arch," discovered at seventy-two feet below the surface, of dark red clay, and almost as thin as biscuit china. It may have held the "fine flour mingled with oil," or the "drink offering of wine, the fourth part of a bin," presented when "Kore, the son of Imnah the Levite, was porter toward the East, over the precious offerings," in the region of Hezekiah. With these are mingled some curious little jars of a more primitive type—believed to be Sid mian—though, as they are of exactly the same shade of color, and made apparently of the same slay, they may, as likely as not, have been Jewish vessels to contain oil or essences in religious or domestic use.

Under Monot Sion have been found spindle-shaped vessels, small, and possessing the character.

shaped vessels, small, and possessing the character of "lachrymatorics." Those remains are very puzzling. Among the most ancient of the number may be noticed a sau-cer-shaped piece, of good manufacture and cheese, though it may very well be, for aught we know, the identical "lordly dish" in which Jael, the wife of rieber, the Kenite, brought butter to Sisera—preserved to the Tem de—or one of the "empties" not returned to the Queen of Sheba after her calebrated visit with so many presents to the spot which is here for the first time laid bare after four thousand

These objects, at once so old and new, are to These objects, at once so old and new, are to be supplemented, by and by, with a collection of specimen; from Mount Sinsi, and some additional ar icles of interest from the same sources contributed by Sir Henry James.

Panies During the Past Year. — The report of the New York State Insurance Department for 1863 states that there are in New York 104 joint scock fire insurance companies, with an augregate capital of \$30,042,142 and net spaces of \$47,482,270; nine mutual companies, with an aggregate capital of \$2,464,209. The foreign companies doing business in he State have an aggregate capital of \$28,000,000. The mutual aggregate capital of \$28,000,000. aggregate capital of \$28,000,000 The mutual it is insurance companies, once very popular in the centre of New York, it is reported are repidly desappearing, two having commenced winding up in 1868, leaving only nine now in operation. No new fire insurance companies were established in 1868—a last in atriking contrast with the statistics of 1853 when twenty-three new companies were organized. From this circumstance it is argued that the modifies of the business have greatly diminished.

CHARLESTON, S. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1869.

The following act of Congress was passed on Febuary 19th, 1862, and is the law frequently spoken of in connection with the subject of

1. No citizen or citizens of the United States, or foreigner coming into or residing within the same, shall for himself or for any other person whatsoever, either as master, factor, owner or otherwise, build, equip, load or otherwise prepare any ship or vessel, or any steamship or steam vessel registered, enrolled or licensed in the United States, or any port within the same, for the purpose of procuring from China, or from any port or place therein, or from any other port or place, the inhabitants or subjects of China, known as "coolies," to be transported to any foreign country, port or from any other port or place therein, or from any other port or place, the inhabitants or subjects of China, known as "coolies." to be transported to any foreign country, port or place whatever, to be disposed of, or sold, or transferred for any term of years, or for any time whatever, as servants or apprentices, or to be held to service or labor. And if any ship or vessel, steamship or steam vessel, belonging in whole or in part to citizens of the United States, and registered, enrolled or otherwise licensed as aforesaid, shall be employed for the said purposes, or in the "coolie trade," so called, or shall be caused to procure or carry from China or elsewhere, as aforesaid, any subjects of the Government of China, for the purpose of transporting or disposing of them as aforesaid, every such ship or vessel, steamship or steam vessel, her tackle, apparel, furniture and other appurtenances shall be forfeited to the United States, and shall be liable to be acized, prosecuted afid condemned in any of the circuit courts or district courts of the United States for the district where the said ship or vessel, steamship or steam vessel may be found. Se. zed or carried.

2. Every person who shall so build, fit out, equip, load or otherwise, any ship or vessel, steamship or steam vessel, belonging in whole or in part to citizens of the United States, or registered, enrolled or licensed within the same, or at any port thereof, knowing or intending that the same shall be employed in that trade or business aforesaid, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, or in anywise aiding or abetting therein, shall be severally liable to be indicted therefor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars and be, imprisoned not exceeding one year.

3. If any ci izen or citizens of the United States shall, contrary to the true intent and contrary to the true intent and secondary to the street shall.

risoned not exceeding one year.

S. If any ci izen or citizens of the United

3. If any of izen or chizens of the United States shall, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, take on board of any ves-sel, or receive or transport any such persons as are above described in this act, for the purpose of disposing of them as affresaid, he or they shall be liable to be inducted therefor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be liable to a

and, on conviction thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars and be imprisoned not exceeding one year.

4. Nothing in this act hereinbefore contained shall be deemed or construed to apply to or affect any free and voluntary emigration of any Chinese subject, or to any vessel carrying such person as passenger on board the same: Provided, however. That a permit or certificate shall be prepared and signed by the consul or co sular agent of the United States residing at the port from which such vessel may take her departure, containing the name of such person and setting forth the fact of his voluntary emigration from such port or place, which certificate shall be given to the master of such vessel; but the same shall not be of such vessel; but the same shall not be given until such consul or consular agent shall be first personally satisfied by evidence produced of the truth of the facts therein contained.

5. All the provisions of the act of Congress
5. All the provisions of the act of Congress
22d, 1847, entitled "An 5. All the provisions of the act of Congress approved February 22d, 1847, entitled "An act to regulate the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels," and all the provisions of the act of Congress approved March 3d, 1849, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of the act of Congress approved March 3d, 1849, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of all laws now in force relating to the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels and the regulation thereof," shall be extended and shall apply to all vessels owned in wherfor in part by citizens of the United States and registered, enrelled or licensed within the United States, propelled by wind or by steam, and to all masters thereof, carrying passengers, or intending to cirry passengers from any foreign port or place without the United States; and all penalties and forfeitures provided for in said act shall apply to vessels and masters last aforesaid.

6. The Prevident of the United States shall

vessels and masters last atoresaid.
6. The President of the United States shall be and he is hereby authorized and empowered. proper, to the end that the provisions of this set may be enforced, according to the true intent and meaning thereor, to direct and order the vessels of the United States, and the majorithm of the control of the United States. the vessels of the United States, and the masters and commanders thereof, to examine all vessels navigated or owned in whole or in part by citizens of the United States, and registered enrolled or licensed under the laws of the United States, wherever they may be whenever, in the judgment of such master or commanding officer thereof, reasonable cause shall exist to believe that such vessel has on board, in violation of the provisions of this act, any subjects of Unia known as "coolies." for the pur lose of transportation; and upon sufficient proof that such vessel is employed in violation of the provisions of this act, to cause such vessel to be carried, with her officers and crew, into any port or district within the United States, and delivered to the Marshal of such d strict, to be held and disposed of according to the provisions of this act.

AFFAIRS IN THE STATE.

A public sale of lots is to take place on Tuesday, the 27th day of July next. Pickens is destined to be one of the fivest counties of the State, and prosperity would seem the destiny of the village. This being the last sale of public lots, must attract notice. Sumter.

The Sumter News says: "The intense heat continues, and cotton grows with a will. As yet corn has not suffered much for want of rain, but it begins to show signs of firing no and if rain does not soon come we fear our grain crop will be seriously affected."

The wheat crop in Greenville County is large and abundant, and the Entorprise notes the reception of new flour. Mr. Julius C. Smith of Greenville, made one hundred and fitteen bushels of wheat from five acres; from half an acre, part of the land he made at the rate of the land he made at the land he land he made at the land he land he land he land he land he l fifty-one bushels to the acce. Mr. Smith's mode of culture was first to thoroughly pre-pare the land using one hundred and twentyfive pound of Peruvian guano to the acre with the wheat, and in the spring fifty more, and rolling the ground.

The Winnsboro' Nevs publishes the following extract from a private tetter in regard to the crops near Doke: "The cotton looks better here than around Winnsboro', but is still small and the stand, as with us, is generally bad. On the road the crop appeared to run very poor. The good people of this community are plessed with luxurant gardens. Some of the young orchards, tso, are laden with the choicest peacies. I ate to my fill, yesterday, of the finest fruit from the crees, which were not the first of the scason by fifteen days—partook at dinner of a place pie of mammoth proportions, but of univalled firvor—and washed it down with wine of the native vintage, Grape on time and fruit raising are beginning to command the serious attention of the farmers of this vicinity, and promise to become imports it sources of income, at no distant day. The Winnsboro' Nevs publishes the follow

no distant day. Mariboro! Governor Scott Las appointed Thomas E. Dudley magistrate for Marlboro County.

The Benetteville Journal ways: "It is gratifying to know that the enterprises of our district are on the march of progress. A new cotton factory is now being built at Prince's Mill. on the Society Hill Boad, about three miles from Bennetteville by Mr. W. Mowry, of the enterprising and well known firm of Mowry & Co., commission merchants. Charleston. Mr. Mowry is a thorough business man, and his new enterprise nust prove a success. and

his new enterprise must prove a success, and help build up the interests of the district and litate. We learn that the cld cotton factories near Adamsyllic and at Red Bluff are also to be revived at an early day. Bids have been made we understand by parties interested, which will probably result in the sale of said property to parties who will put the machinery in operation again. These are sure evidences of progress." The Walballa Courier says: "It the last term of the court held for this county, we had occasion to record the fact that during a pe-riod of twelve months without courts the secu-mulation of criminal cases amounted to one

case of grand larceny committed by a negro, and three or four misdemeanors continued over and transferred from the docket of the district court. The grand jury in their presen ment at Pickens reported a similar condition of law and order throughout the county, and we were warranted by facts in the statement then made that during our existence are a individed in the statement. warranted by facts in the statement then made that during our existence as a judicial district there could be no parallel found for universal peace and morality. Another four months has passed, and the second term of our court will begin on the 12th day of July. The criminal docket is still a blank page. One case of minal docket is still a blank page. One case of burglary in breaking and entering a smoke-house and taking therefrom in the night time house and taxing therefrom in the night time some bacon, together with a few misdemeanors, comprise the sum total of business in the sessions. One day would suffice to dispose of it. This is a Democratic county. Where are the fruits of that lawlessness and violence laid to our charge? Let the criminal dockets of the Radical counties of the State answer, and by living facts stamp with falsehood the unprincipled adventurers who calumniate the intelligent and virtuous people of the State."

The following gentlemen have been appointed the executive committee of the Kershaw District Agricultural and Mechanical Society:

ed the executive committee of the Kershaw District Agricultural and Mechanical Society: William M. Shannon, John Macrae, John Cantey, Thomas W. Pegues, Thomas F. McDow, T. H. Clarke, Daniel Bethune, Adam Team, J. Ervin Rodgers, John I. Trantham,

The Camden Journal Bays: "Our reports from the various parts of our district are favorable for the corn crop. Interval localities it is represented as unusually fine, while in others it is said to be rather backward, but of vigorous and healthy growth. With good seasons the crop will be fine. The cotton is represented as good throughout the district. We have on our lable blooms from several plantations, some of them gathered on Friday last."

The same paper says: "Mr. Goss. the Collector of Internal Revenue, seized a number of boxes of unstamped tobacco from a couple of traders one day last week. They had encamped in the outskitts of the town, when they were waited on by Mr. Ruchardson, who after making inquiries about their stock, and finding they had a part of their load stamped, returned to town. During his absence they changed their loading, putting all the unstampel boxes into one wagon, with which one of the party decamoed, leaving the other wagon with the stamped boxes in charge of the other. After a pursuit of some four miles, the wagon was found secreted in a pine thicket, and taken possession of, the driver having escaped with his team. The driver of the other team made good his escape."

Juneral Motices.

Ar The Relatives and Friends of Mr. and Mrs. David O'KEEFE, and Mr. and Mrs. Thom AS O'KEEFE, are respectfully invited to attend th Funeral Services of the INF ANT DAUGHTER of the former at their residence, No 29 Hasel-street, To-MORROW AFTERNOON, the 4th instant, w thous further invitation.

Special Motices.

WE DID NOT BELIEVE IN "CURE-LLS" un il we tried AYER'S inimatable PILLS and now we think the whole secret lies in the fact, that purgatives are the natural remedy for disease, and Dr. AYER has made the best of purgatives. They cure all our complaints.—Logan (O.) Press.

"LIFE OF THE FLESH IN THE BLOOD."-ROSADALI-! The greatest Puritier and Renevator known, used and endorsed by physicims, who prescribe it in their regular practice. Why? Because the articles from which Rosadalis is made are published around each bottle, so that every physician knows just what it contains, pound. This preparation has gained and maintained an unr.valled reputation for the cure of Scrofula in any form, Rheumatism, Skin Discuses, Old Sores Ulcers, &c., Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, in fact my chronic affection of the blood, Liver and Kidneys. and all diseases in which an alterative plan of treat ment is indicated.

For sale by GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Im porters of Drugs and Obernicals, Charleston, S. C. July 3

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE IN FAVOR REESE, a leading druggist in Monticello, Ill., in letter of June 6, 1838, writes to this effect: "Havin old HO TETTER'S BITTERS for the past four best tonic and appetizer extant. During the ague season of 1865-6. I could not keep a sufficient stock on hand to supply my cus omers. In fact, your Bitters was as staple as quinine. I learn that phy sicians pres ribe it all over the western country. Indeed, a great many families think they are no safe without your invaluable tonic."

J. K. WITHERSPOON, Esq., a magistrate of Kerthat he has used the Bitters constantly in his own family for the previous two years. Headret tried the preparation when suffering from exhaustion profuced by a severe attack of fever. Belore the first bottle was finished he experienced a remarkable change for the better. He had tried brandy at the outset, but found that did him more harm than good. In one month from the time he commenced ising the Bitters his heal h, strength and appetite were restored. He had recommended the article to others in like circumstances, and never known it to fail, and had found it a perfect specific for chills and

Mr. Samuel Young, of Clarion, Pa., under date April 6, 1868, certifies that he was completely cured of "one of the most distressing attacks of dyspensia that ever afflicted any mortal," by three bottles of the Bitiers, after "various other remedies had proved 'that excellent preparation for the result."

Dr. G. M. SPENCER, of Brush Creek, Perry Cour ty, Ala, writing thence February 8, 1868, says: "I have used your -tomach B.tters for several years in my practice, and find them superior to most of the Bitters now prescribed by the profession generally.

July 3 6 DUICHER'S LIGHTNING PLY-KILLER Death to the Living! Long live the Killers! Sold

MARENGO.-FEVER AND AGUE CURE, TONIC, FEVER PREVENT. VE .- This valnable med.cius, entirely vegetable in its preparation, is offered to the public and warranted to cure any case of CHILLS AND FEVER of however long

standing, completely eradicating its effect from the

system, purifying the blood, strengthening the di-

gestive organs, inducing an appetite, and keeping the system in perfect bealth. Those suffering from debility arrising from any caus will find it the purest and best TONIC to be had any where. To persons residing in unbealthy sections, or who are predisposed to fevers of any kind, it will be fund invaluable as a preventive. It is quite pleasant to the taste, and can be given to children of all age without injury Numerous le ters have been received testifying to its efficacy and value as a FRVER AND AGUE CURE AND TONIC It is fully guaranteed to give complete and univer-

MARRIGO is no humbug. Tay IT. For sale at retail by all Druggists.

ng and Hasel streets; GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Hayno-street, and G. J. LUHN. General agen of Proprietor, sout east corner King and John treets-Charleston, s. C. Dec Smes June 8

MESTATE OF SOUTH O A ROLINA

MARLBORO' COUNTY.-IN EQUITY-PRE-TON COVINGTON AND WIFE VS. HEMBY C. LEGGETT ND WIPE, ET AL -BILL FOR PARTITION, IN-JUNOTION AND RELIEF -Notice is hereby given in obedience to an order made it the above stated case, that the chi dren of EBENEZER W THOMAS C., on or before the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY next, such relationship and their plans to the fund it question in above stated o se; and on their tailors to to do, to be deprived and forever barred of all

Special Motices.

AST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH .ervice in this Church To-Morrow Morning, at half-part Ten o'clock, Dr. W. W. HICKS officiating, July 3

AG CITADEL SQUARE BAPTIST CHURCH. Services on SUNDAY MORNING at Half-past Ten 'clock—in the Evering at quarter-past Fight, July 3

HARLESTON-CHARLESTON, JULY 3, 1869 .-DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Board of Directors havng declared a Semi annual Dividend of FIVE .\$5) DOLLARS per share, the same will be paid to Stockholders on and after Tuesday, the 6th instant,

AG NOTICE.-A DIVIDEND OF TEN (10) DOLLARS PER SHARE will be paid to the Stockholders of the Graniteville Manufacturing Company, at the office of the President, on and after the

10th instant. H. R. BICKMAN. AFFIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CHARLESTON .- CHARLESTON, S. C., JULY 1, 1869 .- SUNDAY next being the Fourth of July, this Back will be closed on MonDax, the fifth of July. All paper due must be anticipated.

WM. C. BRESSE, ths2

PUBLIC SCHOOLS .- EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.—The Regular Quarterly Examina non of Candidates for the OFFICE OF TEACHER IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, will be held at the Normal School, St. Philip-street, on SATURDAY, the 3d of July, commencing at Nine o'clock, A. M. Applicants will please be present punctually at the appointed hour.

By order of the Board. E. MONTAGUE GRIMKE, Secretary.

AS SOUTH CAROLINA LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY - SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. - Deposits nade on or before 20th July, will draw interest from THOMAS R. WARING, Cachier

** THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK OF CHARLESTON, S. C.—JULY 1st, 1869 —The Fourth of July falling on FUNDAY, this Bank will be closed on Monday, the 5th. All paper maturing on that day must be anticipated. JOHN F. ROBERTS.

ASSOUTH CAROLINA LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY .- The 4th of July falling on SUNDAY, MONDAY, ti e 5th, will be observed as a holiday, and this office closed. All paper payab e on the 4:h and 5th of July must be anticipated.

THOMAS R. WARING. Cashier.

OFFICE CHARLESTON GASLIGHT COMPANY, JUNE 22, 1869.-1 vividend of FIFTY CENTS per Share on the Capital Stock of this Company having been declared by the Directors, the same will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 5th

The Books of Transfer will be closed from this date to 5th proximo. June 22 12 Secretary and Treasurer. AT NOTICE.-NATIONAL FREEDMAN'S

and July 19.h, will draw interest from July 1st.
June 22 24 NAIHAN RITTER. Cashier. ATTHE NEATEST, THE QUICKEST AND THE CHEAPEST .- THE NEWS JOB OFFICE, No. 143 EAST BAY, having replenished its Stock with a new and large assortment of material of the fines:

the shortest notice and in the best manner, JOB PRINTING of every description. Call and examine the scale of prices before giving

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, MARL-BORO' COUNTY—IN LQUITY—MARY S. S. JACK-SON, ADM'X., vs. HUGH JA KSON, ET AL.-BILL FOR PARTITION, &c .- Notice is hereby given, in ceased, living at the time of his death, or their heirs at law and legal representatives, besides HUGH JACK-ON and ELIAS JACK-ON, are requested to establish before me such relationship, at Bennetts ville, S. C., on or before the FIRST MONDAY OF AU-

Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and Early Manhood, with the humane view of treatment and cure sent by mail free of charge. Address HOWARD AS-SOCIATION, Box P. Philadelphia, Pa.

AT BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.-THIS splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, rehable, instartaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; rem edies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the bair soft and beautiful black or brown. sold ty all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. - Bond street, New York.

BEAUTIFUL WOMAN, IF YOU WOULD be beautiful, use Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM. It gives a pure blooming complexion and restore

Its effects are gradual, natural and perfect. It removes Bedness, Blotches and Pimples, cure Tan, Sunburn and Freckies, and makes a lady of

thirty appear tout twenty. The MAGNOLIA BaLM makes the Skin smooth and pearly; the Eye bright and clear; the Cheek glow with the bloom of youth, and imparts a fresh, lump appearance to the countenance. No lady

The best article to dress the hair is Lyon's Kathaithatu Imo

J B HEARD, N. Y. W. J HEARD, NORFOLE. C. W. YOUNG, N. Y. F. E. GOODRIDGE, PORT. HEARD, YOUNG & CO.,

five cents will purchase this delightful article.

PRODUCH COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 247 Washington-street. NRW YORK.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SALE OF

BARLY VEGEGABLES, FRUITS.

W. D. Beyno ds & Bro., Nortolk; B. G. Ghio, Super-L. Fremont, R. E. Burruse. Esq., Wilmington; & K. Thurber & Co., Langhra | & Egbert, New York Bernard O'Neill, Charleston; Alexander & Russell

HOLMES & MACBETH. no. 26 Broad-street, Charleston, b. C., BROKERS, AUCTIONEERS, BEAL ESTATE

Will attend to Benting and Beoting of Rents

Shipping.

FOR PHILAD : LPHIA. THE BRIG JOSIE A. DEVIREAUX, CLARK master, having all of her heavy carge engaged, will take 100 bales of Cot-and sail in a few days.

For Freight engagements apply to June 30 STREET BROTHERS & COL

EXCURSIONS: EXCURSIONS! THE NEW AND COMMODIOUS YACHT
MARY ELLA, is now ready and prepared to make regular trips to points of interest in our harbor. Will also take parties for Picnics and Mosolight Excursions
For Engagements apply to Captain COCK, on board at Atlantic Whari, or to No. 102 EAST BAY, June 24

EXCURSIONS! EXCURSIONS!

THE FINE FAST SAILING YACHT ELLA ANNA, the Champion of the South, is now ready and prepared to make regular trips, thus affording an opportunity to a 11 who may wish to visit points of interest in our beau.

THE FINE, FAST SAILING AND COMFORTABLY appointed Yacht ELEANOE
will resume her trips to bistoric points in
the harbor, and will leave Governmen
Wharfdsily at Ten A. M.

FOR NEW YORK.

PASSAGE \$20.

THE SPLENDID SIDE-WHERL STEAMSHIP MANHATTAN, M. S. WOODHULL Commander, will sail from adger's south Whart on Sax-

eaves.

A) Through Bills Lating given for Cotton to Boston and Providence, R. I.

A) I hrough Bills of Lading given to Liverpool.

A) The steamers of this line are first class in every respect, and their Tables are subject with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston markets.

tete.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JAMES ADGER & (*). Agenta,

Corner Adger*a Wharf and East Bay (Up-tairs.)

ACT CHAMPION will follow on SATURDAY, July

10, at 6 o'clock P. M.

1000 28

CALIFORNIA, CHINA AND JAPAN. CHANGE OF SAILING DAYS!

STEAMFES OF THE ABOVE line leave Pier No 42, North Biver, foot of Canal-street, New York, at 21st of every month except when these dates tall en Sunday, then the Saturday preceding.

Departure of 1st and 1st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific and Central American ports. Those of 1st touch at Mangamillo.

Departure of 1lth of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New Zealand.

New Zealand.

Steamship OREGONIAN teamer Sait Farmers on China and Japan August 4 1869.

No California steamers touch at Havana, but go direct from New York to Aspinwall.

One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult, Medicine and attendance free.

For Passays Tickets or further information and it.

For Passage Tickets or further information apply at the COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the wharf foot of Caual-street, North Biver, New York, March 12 lyr F. R. FABY, Agent, FOR WILMINGTON, N. C. W AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock

AND ALL THE LANDINGS ON PEEDEE RIVER THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER GENERAL MANIGAULT, Captain H, CORDES, is now receiving Freight at Boyc Wharf, and will leave a above on Wednesday Mon and the 7th instant, at 4 o'clock.

FOR GEORGE TOWN, S. C. THE STEAMER EMILIE, CAPTAIN
P. C. LEWIS will receive Freight
Fris Day at South Commercial Whart, and leave as
above on Tuesday Morning, the 5th inst., at 6

EXCURSION AROUND THE HARBOR. THE STEAMER EMILIE, CAPTAIN P. C. LEWIS, will make an Excursion around the Harber on Monday a Frencon, the 5th instant, leaving South Atlantic Wharf at 5 ordered.

Fare for grown persons, 50 cents.
Fare for children, under twelve years, 25 cents.
SHACLELLY,
Agents,

FERRY. THE STE-MEND will run as follows:
Leave City at 8½ and 10 A. M., 1; 3 and 6½ P. M.
Leave vount Peusant at 8, 9 and 11½ A. M.; 1½,

Leave City at 8% and 10 a M; 1, 3 and 6% P. M Leave Sullivan's Island 7%, 9% and 11 a. M; 2, 5% and 7 P. M. J. H. MURKAY, July 3 EXCURSION AROUND THE HARBOR.

THE STEAMER ST. HELBNA.
Captain H. D. ELLIOTT. will make
an Excursion around the Harbor Monday Affications
sth instant, leaving Market Whari at 4 o'. lo k, returning at sunset. Music and refreshments will be

THE CHATHAM REGATTA OF OAR BOATS, OF ALL CLASSES, ON TUES-DAY AND WEDNESDAY, THE GIA AND 7th

THE STEAMER PILOT BOY WILL leave Charleston on Monday, at S a. M; returning will leave Savannah on Wednesday Morning, at S o'clock

The Steamer PLINTER will leave "avannah on Thursday Morning a' So clock, giving those desirous an opportunity of witnessing the above Regatta.

JOHN FERGUSON 8

FOR PALATKA, FLORIDA. VIA BAVANNAB, PEDNANDINA AND JACKSON VILLE.

THE ELEGANT AND PIRST-OLA B ATRAMER CITY POINT, Captain GRO E. MCMILLAN. will east from Obarieston coory TURBOAT EVENING, at Nine o'clock, for the above

For passage, apply to the Captain on Union Whar f. EXCURSIONS AROUND THE HARBOR.

rf daily at Ten A. M.
IF Passage apply to Captain, on board.

REGULAR LINE EVERY WEDNESDAY:

THE MIE ARBIP SARAGOSSA.
Capt in C. Ryder. will leave Venderhorst's Wharf on Wednesday
Afficanoon, July 7th, 1:69, at 4 RAVENEL & CO., Agents, NEW YURK AND CHARLESTON

STEAMSHIP LINE. FOR NEW YORK. CABIN PASSAGE \$20.

An extra charge of \$5 made for Tickets pur-hased on board after sailing
An No Blies of Lading signed after the steamer

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY 8

For Fre.ght or Passage, apply to
J. D. AIKEN & CO.,
July 3 Middle Atlantic wharf. FOR CHERAW, S. C.,

For Freight engagements apply to SHACKELFORD & KELLY, July 8 1 Boyce's Wharf.

For engagements apply to
SHACKELFORD & KELLY

A Band of Music and Refreshments will be on

FOURTH OF JULY SCHEDULE. MOUNT PLEASANT AND SULLIVAN'S ISLAND

Fare, 50 cents; children 25 cents.
July 3 1* July H MURRAY, Agent

VIA BEAUFORT AND HILTON BRAD.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

otuts

Compoing with the Central Railroad at Rayannab
w Mobile and Ne - Orleans, and with the Florids
tailroad at Fernandina for Cedar Esys, at witel,
oint steamers connect with New Orleans. Mobile,
onascola, Key West and H. vana.

Through Bills Lading signed to New Orleans and

All freight republe on the wharf.

doods not removed at sunser will be stored and expense of owners.

J. D. Alkier & CO., Ago Storeth Affantic 1

FOR SAVANNAH-INLAND ROUTE PASSAGES REDUCED. To Savanuah...\$5. To Beautert....\$4, FARE INCLUDED. THE STEAMED PILOT BOY. CAPTAIN FERN PEOR. WI leave Accommodation Wharfevery Mondax Monsing at 3 o'clock.
Returning will leave bevannab every Windensmax
Menning at 8 o'clock. REFERENCES. -- Governor Z. B. Vance. Charlotte